





Designing and assessing the feasibility of a randomised controlled trial of bilateral cochlear implantation in adults









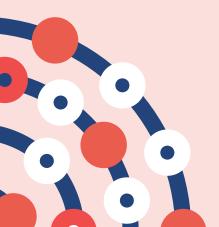








Context for FOUNDATION



NICE Technology Appraisal Guidance 166/566





Cochlear implants for children and adults with severe to profound deafness

Technology appraisal guidance Published: 7 March 2019 nice.org.uk/guidance/ta566

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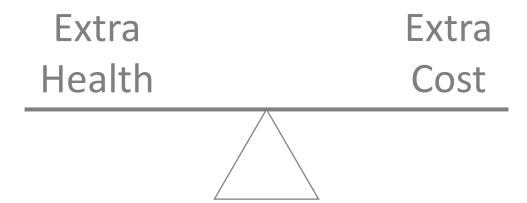
- Published in 2009; Updated 2019
- Examined the evidence for unilateral and bilateral cochlear implantation in children and adults with severe to profound deafness
- Recommends bilateral implantation for:
 - Children
 - Adults with significant visual impairment
- Does not recommend bilateral implantation for other adults



Why not bilateral for adults?

Extra benefits of bilateral vs unilateral implantation:

- Reduces listening difficulties
- Improves 'spatial hearing'
- Reduces fatigue and listening effort
- Benefit to overall health and well-being



Uncertainty over whether benefit to overall health large enough to justify costs of 2nd implant



Why was bilateral not cost-effective?

All figures taken from NICE guidance

Cost-effective only if <£30,000/QALY

Unilateral: £14,200/QALY

Bilateral: £49,600/QALY

What if there was a discount on 2nd CI?

Assuming 25% discount £43,028/QALY

Assuming 50% discount £36,497/QALY

What if the health gain was larger than assumed?

Assuming +33% larger gain £37,725/QALY

How could it be made cost effective?

Discount second device by: 75%

Health gain larger by: +66%



NICE Research Recommendation

Recommendations for future research

The Committee recommended that a

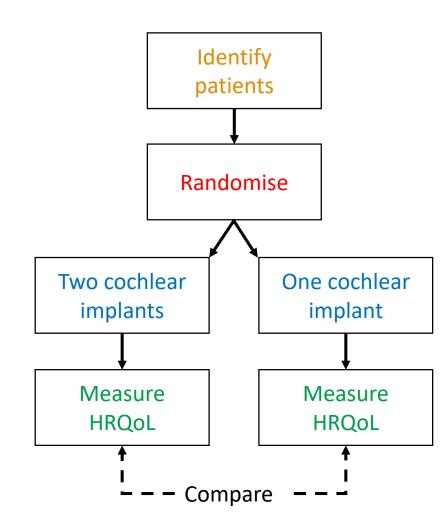
randomised controlled trial should be

carried out to examine the benefit of

bilateral cochlear implantation compared

with unilateral cochlear implantation in

adults with severe to profound deafness.









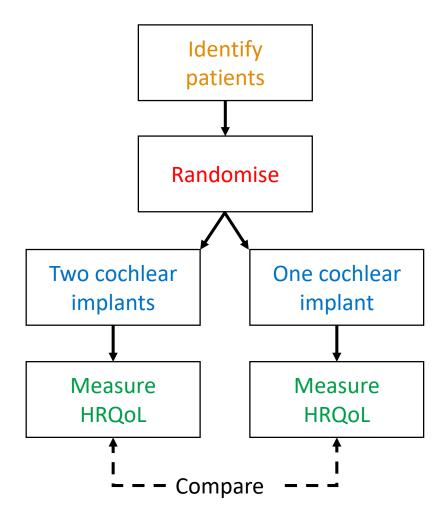
Aims of FOUNDATION





Can we conduct this trial?

- Will patients be willing to take part?
- When should patients be approached about the trial?
- Will they accept to being randomised?
- Will they stay in the study if they get randomised to receive one implant?
- Will they be willing to complete the study questionnaires?



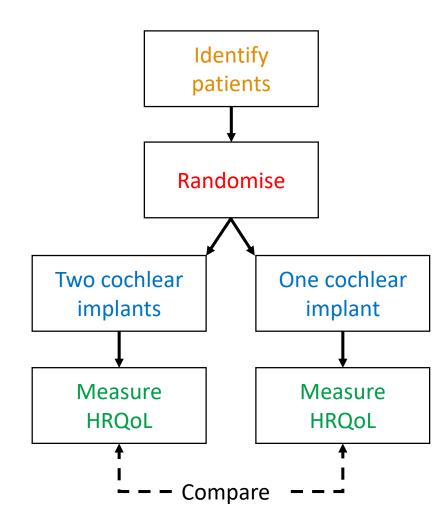




study

Can we conduct this trial?

- Can sites screen and recruit enough patients to support a trial?
- How many patients are needed for a trial?
- How can we assess whether 2 CIs are more cost-effective than 1 CI?



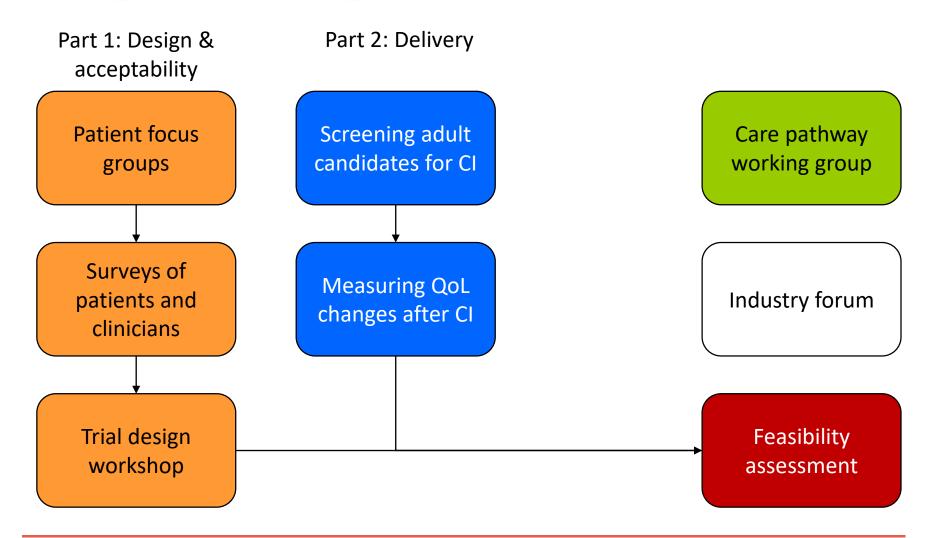






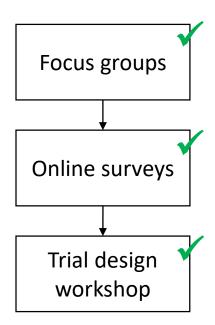
Design and Progress







Part 1 - Objectives



Identify design and acceptability issues

Assess importance of design and acceptability issues

Obtain consensus on solutions to design issues

Care pathway working group

Gather information about CI care pathway *Completion due in July 2019*

Industry forum

Discuss potential for industry support for a trial Completion due in July 2019



Part 1 - Progress



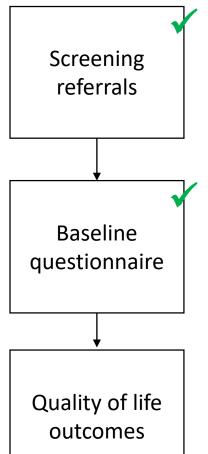
Online surveys: 136 respondents
97 Patients
39 HCPs

Trial design workshop:

8 HCPs (ENT/Audiology/Rehab) 1 CI user collaborator 6 Researchers / Trial staff



Part 2 - Objectives



- Determine what proportion of adult referrals would have been eligible to participate in the trial
- Assess capacity to screen patients for eligibility

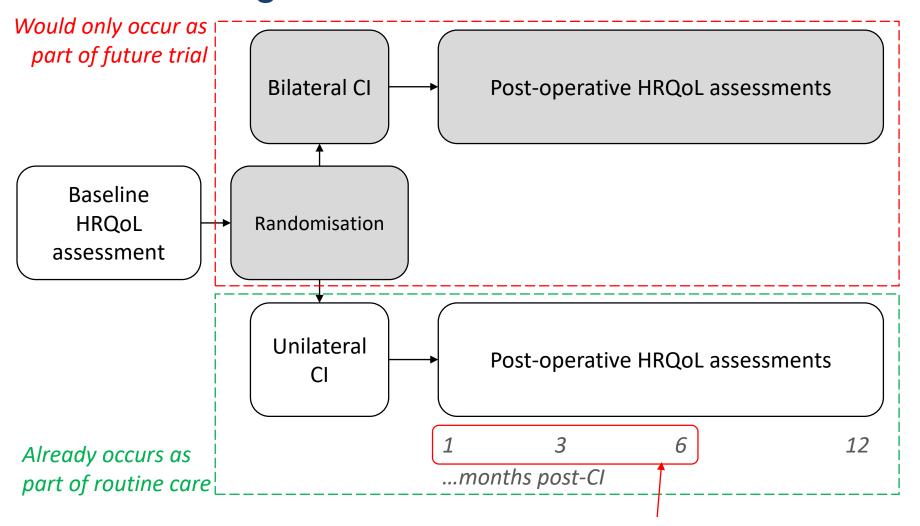
Assess acceptability of trial

- Assess capacity to recruit and follow-up patients
- Assess questionnaire completion rates
- Estimate sample size for future trial

Completion due in July 2019



Part 2 - Design



FOUNDATION study will measure quality of life at these existing routine appointments to estimate sample size



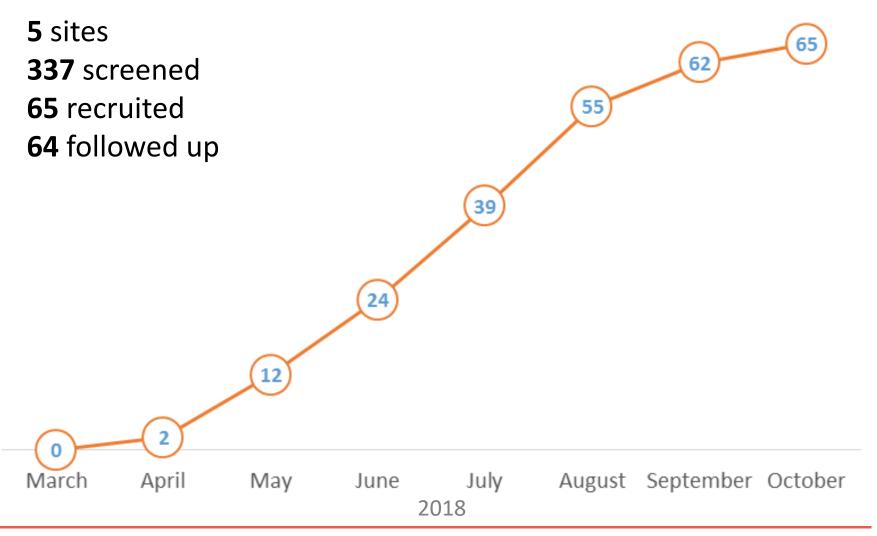
Part 2 - Progress

Participating centres

- Nottingham Auditory Implant Programme
- Midlands Hearing Implant Programme
- St. Thomas' Hearing Implant Centre
- Richard Ramsden Centre for Auditory Implants
- Southampton Auditory Implant Service



Part 2 - Progress





Next steps

June 2019

Complete multi-centre quality of life exercise

- Gather and analyse all QoL data
- Estimate possible sample sizes for future trial

July 2019

Joint meeting of study management & steering groups

- Assess all data on acceptability & delivery of the trial
- Make decision about whether trial is feasible to conduct

Hold industry forum

Early 2020

Seek funding for multi-centre RCT if trial is feasible







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